Datasheet for ABIN5596968

anti-Protein A antibody (Biotin)

1 Image

Go to Product page

Overview

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	Protein A
Reactivity:	Staphylococcus aureus
Host:	Goat
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This Protein A antibody is conjugated to Biotin
Application:	ELISA, Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC)

Product Details

Immunogen:	Immunogen: Protein A [Staphylococcus aureus] Immunogen Type: Native Protein
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	Cross reactivity against Protein A from other sources is unknown.
Purification:	Anti-Protein A is an IgG fraction antibody purified from monospecific antiserum by a multi-step process which includes delipidation, salt fractionation and ion exchange chromatography followed by extensive dialysis against the buffer stated above. Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-Biotin, anti-Goat Serum as well as purified and partially purified Protein A [Staphylococcus aureus].

Target Details

Target:	Protein A

Target Details

Abstract:	Protein A Products
Background:	Synonyms: BAC, Protein A Biotin, Anti-Protein A BAC Antibody Background: Biotin is widely used throughout the biotechnology industry to conjugate proteins for biochemical assays. Biotin's small size typically does not affect the biological activity of protein upon biotinylation. Biotinylated proteins of interest can be enriched from a sample due to highly stable interactions. Biotin conjugated anti-Protein A antibodies are used as an amplifying reagent in immunohistochemistry, microarray assays, ELISAs, blots, and other applications.

Application Details

Application Notes:	Immunohistochemistry Dilution: 1:500-1:2,500 Application Note: Anti-Protein A Biotin Conjugated has been assayed against 1.0 µg of Protein A in a standard capture ELISA using Peroxidase Conjugated Streptavidin #S000-03 and ABTS (2,2'-azino-bis-[3-ethylbenthiazoline-6-sulfonic acid]) code # ABTS-100 as a substrate for 30 minutes at room temperature. A working dilution of 1:4,000 to 1:20,000 of the reconstitution concentration is suggested for this product. Western Blot Dilution: 1:1,000-1:5,000 ELISA Dilution: 1:2,000-1:10,000
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

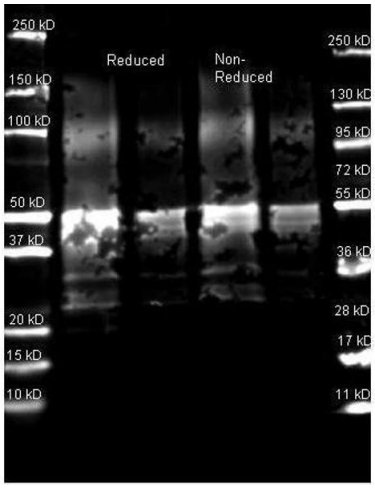
Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	Reconstitution Volume: 100 µL Reconstitution Buffer: Restore with deionized water (or equivalent)
Concentration:	1.0 mg/mL
Buffer:	Buffer: 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2 Stabilizer: 10 mg/mL Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) - Immunoglobulin and Protease free
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store vial at 4° C prior to restoration. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C

Handling

	or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.
Expiry Date:	12 months

Images



Western Blotting

Image 1. Western Blot of Goat anti-Protein A Antibody. Lane 1: Protein A Reduced. Lane 2: Protein A Reduced. Lane 3: Protein A Non-Reduced. Lane 4: Protein A Non-Reduced. Load: Lane 1 and 3 - 1.0 µg per lane, Lane 2 and 4 - 0.25 ug per lane. Primary antibody: Protein A antibody at 1:5,000 for overnight at 4°C. Secondary antibody: 649 goat secondary antibody at 1:10,000 for 90 min at RT. Block: 5% BLOTTO overnight at 4°C. Predicted/Observed size: ~50 kDa for Protein A. Other band(s): Protein A splice variants and isoforms.