

# **Validation Report**

Report #029860 | Validated On: 05/19/16

555 Bryant Street, #939, Palo Alto, CA 94301-1704

# **Summary**

Antigen	Mouse anti-GST monoclonal antibody
Catalog number	<u>ABIN3045984</u>
Supplier	Clonegene LLC
Supplier catalog number	<u>CG0512</u>
Lot number	1214
Method validated	Western Blot
Laboratory	<u>Celplor LLC</u>
Validation number	29860
Positive Control	BL21 bacteria cells were transformed with an in-house GST expression vector pGST
Negative Control	Empty vector cell lysate
Notes	Based on the 12% GST content in total cell lysate of BL21-pGST (+IPTG), there is an estimated 1 ng of GST protein in 0.01 ug of total protein with IPTG induction. Therefore, the detection limit of mouse anti-GST monoclonal antibody is lower than 1 ng of GST protein.



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### **Full Methods**

#### Primary Antibody

Antibody: Mouse anti-GST monoclonal antibody

• Supplier: Clonegene LLC

• Supplier catalog number: CG0512

Lot number: 1214Dilution: 1:1000

#### Secondary Antibody

Antibody: HRP labeled secondary anti-mouse antibody

Supplier: GE Healthcare Life SciencesSupplier catalog number: NXA931

Lot number: 390630Dilution: 1:2000

#### Controls

• Positive control: BL21 bacteria cells were transformed with an in-house GST expression vector pGST

· Negative control: Empty vector cell lysate

#### Protocol

#### I. Reagent preparation

BL21 bacteria cells were transformed with an in-house GST expression vector pGST.

Individual colony was inoculated in 2xYT medium and cultured at 37°C with shaking for 5 hrs followed by IPTG (1mM) induction for 2 hrs. Bacteria was grown to OD600=0.6-0.8 (5 hr) when IPTG was added.

Cells were centrifuged at top speed and pellets were collected.

Cell pellets were lysed in SDS-PAGE sample buffer.

Protein concentration was assayed using DC protein assay kit (Bio-Rad).

50 ug of cell lysate was loaded and protein was separated by SDS-PAGE.

Gel was stained with SimplyBlue Safe Stain (Invitrogen) at room temperature.

GST content in IPTG induced samples was analyzed by Quantity One software (Bio-Rad).

#### II. Western blot validation

Cell lysates from BL21 host cells, BL21-pGST transformed cells with or without IPTG induction were loaded and proteins were separated by SDS-PAGE followed by Western transfer to a nitrocellulose membrane.

Membrane was blocked with 2% powder milk (Bio-Rad) for 1 hr at room temperature.

Membrane was incubated with mouse anti-GST monoclonal antibody (1:1000 dilution) at 4°C overnight with shaking.

Membrane was washed with TBST three times for 10 min.

After washing, membrane was incubated with HRP labeled secondary anti-mouse antibody (1:2000 dilution, GE Healthcare) with shaking at room temperature for 1 hr.

Membrane was washed with TBST three times for 10 min.

After washing, membrane was incubated with SuperSignal West Pico substrate (Thermo Scientific) for 5 min at room temperature.

Membrane was analyzed by ChemiDoc XRS gel documentation system (Bio-Rad).

# **Figures**

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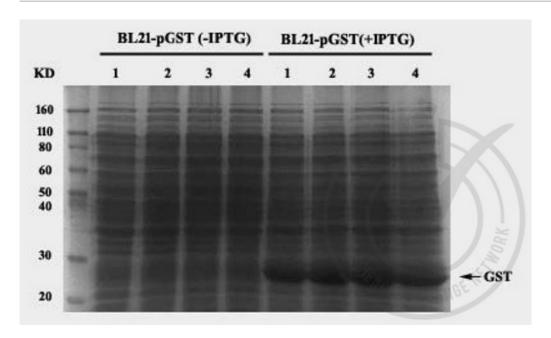


Figure 1: GST content of BL21-pGST(+IPTG) is 12% of total protein. GST content in IPTG induced samples was analyzed by Quantity One software (Bio-Rad).

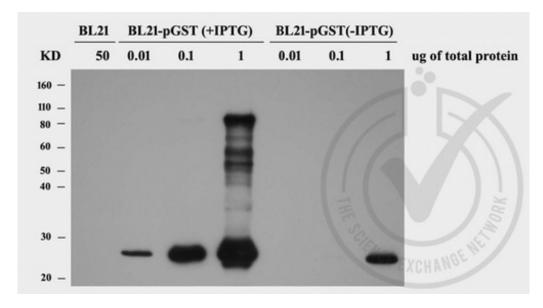


Figure 2: Western blot for mouse anti-GST monoclonal antibody. The first lane shows the empty vector cell lysate (negative control). This is followed by a 0.01, 0.1, and 1 ug of total protein from BL21-pGST, with (Lanes 2, 3, and 4) or without (Lanes 5, 6, and 7) IPTG induction, respectively. Based on the 12% GST content in total cell lysate of BL21-pGST (+IPTG), there is an estimated 1 ng of GST protein in 0.01 ug of total protein with IPTG induction. Therefore, the detection limit of mouse anti-GST monoclonal antibody is lower than 1 ng of GST protein. The higher than expected molecular weight may be the result GST dimers or aggregates (Riley et al. Protein Engineering vol.9 no.2 pp.223-230, 1996).